Analysis of Case Processing Performance in the Court of Appeals

September Term, 2016



Administrative Office of the Courts

November 2017



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Introduction

The Court of Appeals adopted case time standards effective for its September Term, 2013 (the period spanning September 1, 2013 through August 31, 2014). The case processing goals adopted by the Court provide that all cases argued (or filed, depending on the appeal type) during a Term are to be decided before the Term's completion. This goal is similar to that followed by the U.S. Supreme Court, and is an expansion of the Judiciary's commitment, which began in the trial courts, to ensure timely adjudication for all those with business before the courts.

This report contains performance results against the Court's case time standards for September Term, 2016.

Methodology

Case processing performance in the Court of Appeals is based on all cases argued (or filed for certain types of appeals) during the Court's September Term, 2016.² The Court's case time standards begin at the date of <u>argument</u> for appeals on its Regular Docket, Certified Questions of Law, and Attorney Grievance Cases, and at <u>filing</u> for Extraordinary Writs and Bar Admissions. See Appendix for the complete table of case time standards in the Court of Appeals.

Data on the number of cases argued or filed were obtained from the Clerk of the Court of Appeals upon conclusion of the September Term, 2016, from the Court's docket sheets. Pertinent data fields were individually extracted and transferred to customized data collection forms. Data included: case number, caption (case title), argument date, filing date, and disposition date (opinion, dismissal, or other order/disposition). Upon completion of entry into the data collection forms, dates were cross-checked with the original paper files and Maryland Electronic Case Management (MDEC) system to verify accuracy.

We calculated the number and percentage of appeals disposed within-standard as a proportion of the total number of cases argued or filed (depending on the appeal type) during the Court's September Term, 2016. Average and median case processing times for all disposed cases were also computed.

¹ The Court of Appeals typically hears cases from September through June.

² The Court disposed of a number of cases during the period examined (September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017) that did not contain an argument. These cases were <u>not</u> subject to this analysis.



Overall Performance Results

The Court of Appeals achieved the case time standard goal in each of the appeal types during the September Term, 2016. See Tables 1 and 2. All 93 Regular Docket cases were disposed within the Term and took an average of 108 days from argument to disposition. The next largest number of cases were Extraordinary Writs, in which all 48 filed within September Term, 2016 reached disposition, and took an average of 18 days from filing to disposition.

All six Attorney Grievance appeals that contained an argument were decided within the Term and took an average of 66 days from argument to disposition. There were four Bar Admission appeals filed in the Court in September Term, 2016, and each was disposed within that Term, taking an average 50 days from filing to disposition. For September Term, 2016, there were no Certified Questions of Law appeals argued.

Table 1. Cases Disposed within Time Standard Goals, Court of Appeals, September Term, 2016

Case Type	Time Standard	Judiciary Goal	September Term, 2016 Cases ^{1,2}	Number of Cases Disposed Within- Standard	% Within- Standard
Regular Docket	Argument to Disposition	Cases argued must be decided before the end of the term (100%)	93	93	100%
Certified Questions of Law			-	-	n/a
Attorney Grievances			6	6	100%
Extraordinary Writs	Filing to Disposition	Cases filed must be decided before the end of the term (100%)	48	48	100%
Bar Admissions			4	4	100%

¹ The number of September Term, 2016 cases represents either the number of cases, (1) argued, or (2) filed, depending on the appeal type.

²There was an Extraordinary Writs appeal in the September Term, 2016 that was not perfected, and therefore not included in this analysis.



Table 2. Overall Average & Median Case Processing Times, Court of Appeals, September Term, 2016

Case Type	Time Standard	September Term, 2016 Overall Average & Median Case Times (in days)		
		Overall Average	Overall Median	
Regular Docket	Argument to Disposition	108	106	
Certified Questions of Law	Cases argued must be decided before the end of the term.	-	-	
Attorney Grievances	before the end of the term.	66	63	
Extraordinary Writs	Filing to Disposition	18	2	
Bar Admissions	Cases filed must be decided before the end of the term.	50	53	



Court of Appeals Case Timestandards

Proceeding/Appeal Type	Standard	Case Time Start	Stay Begins (Suspends the standard)	Stay Ends	Case Time Stop	Comments
Regular Docket	Cases must be decided before end of term.	Argument	• None	• None	Disposition	• New Policy beginning with the 2013 Term (September 1, 2013 – August 31, 2014)
Extraordinary Writs	Cases must be decided before end of term.	Filing	• None	• None	Disposition	
Bar Admissions	Cases must be decided before end of term.	Filing	• None	• None	Disposition	
Certified Questions of Law	Cases must be decided before end of term.	Argument	• None	• None	Disposition Opinion Filed Dismissed Order	
Attorney Grievances	Cases must be decided before end of term.	Argument	• None	• None	Disposition Opinion Filed Dismissed Order	

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